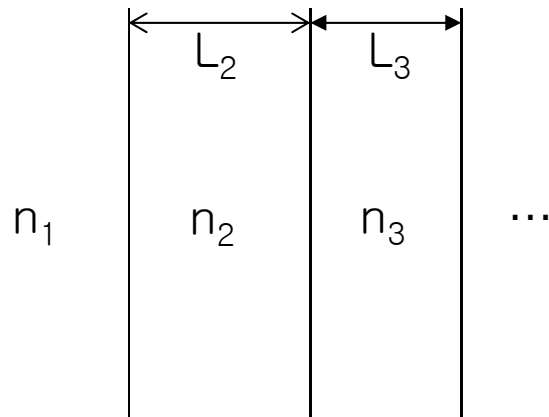


Lect. 7: Multiple Dielectric Interface



Complex Problem:

Requires an advanced technique

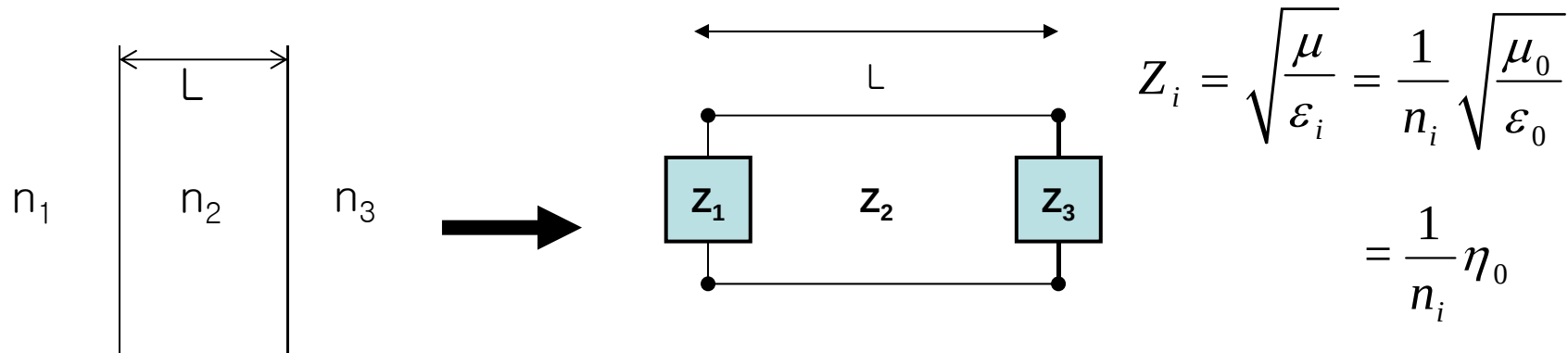
Consider two special cases:

1) $L_i = m \frac{\lambda}{2n_i}$ (Half Wavelength)

2) $L_i = (m + \frac{1}{2}) \frac{\lambda}{2n_i}$ (Quarter Wavelength)

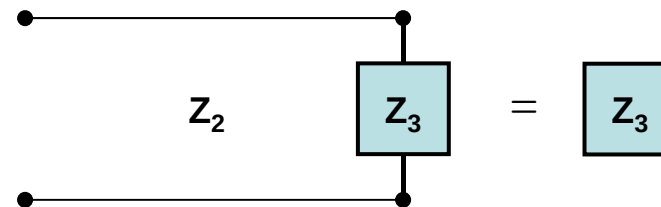
Lect. 7: Multiple Dielectric Interface

Model dielectric layers with impedance and transmission line (E&M 2)



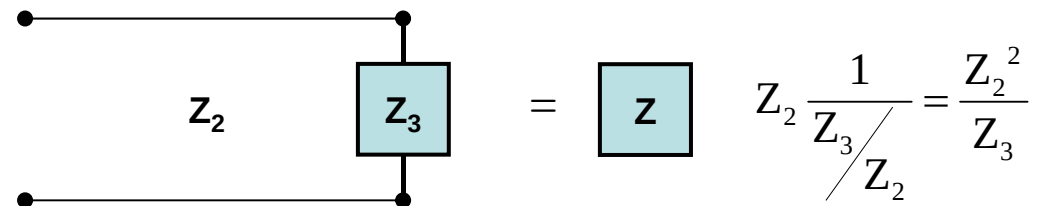
If L: half wavelength

(One rotation on Smith Chart!)

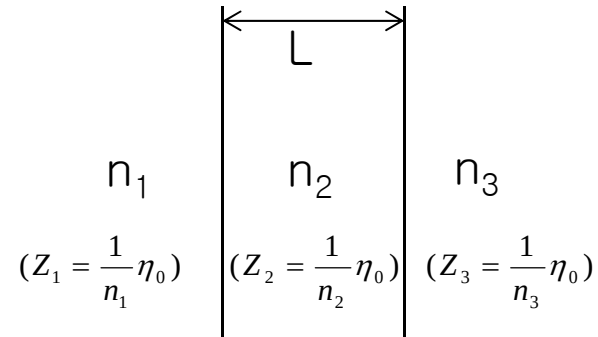
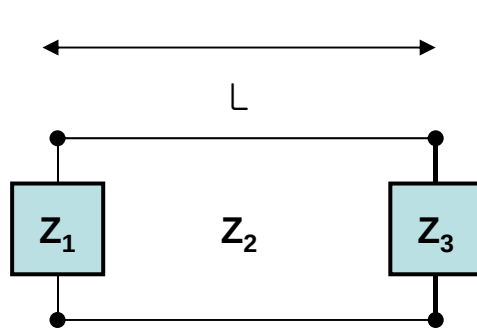


If L: quarter wavelength

(Half rotation on Smith Chart!)

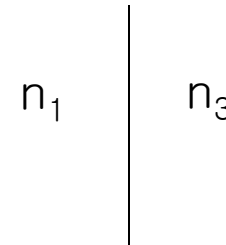


Lect. 7: Multiple Dielectric Interface

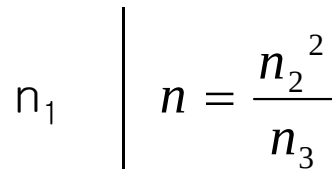


$$L = \frac{\lambda}{2n_2} = \boxed{Z_3}$$

$$L = \frac{\lambda}{4n_2} = \boxed{Z} \quad \frac{Z_2^2}{Z_3}$$



$$\therefore r = \frac{n_1 - n_3}{n_1 + n_3}, \quad t = \frac{2n_1}{n_1 + n_3}$$

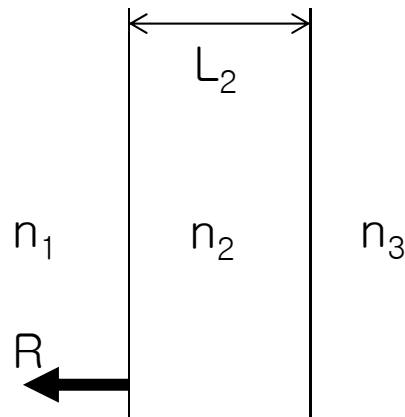


$$r = \frac{n_1 - \frac{n_2^2}{n_3}}{n_1 + \frac{n_2^2}{n_3}}, \quad t = \frac{2n_1}{n_1 + \frac{n_2^2}{n_3}}$$

$$\therefore r = \frac{n_1 n_3 - n_2^2}{n_1 n_3 + n_2^2}, \quad t = \frac{2n_1 n_3}{n_1 n_3 + n_2^2}$$

Lect. 7: Multiple Dielectric Interface

Anti-Reflection coating: Determine L_2 and n_2 so that $R=0$



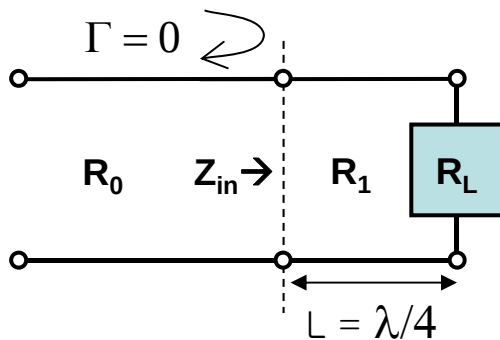
With $L_2 = \frac{\lambda}{4n_2}$

$$n_1 \left| n = \frac{n_2^2}{n_3} \right.$$

Since $r = \frac{n_1 n_3 - n_2^2}{n_1 n_3 + n_2^2}$,

For $r=0$, $n_1 n_3 - n_2^2 = 0$

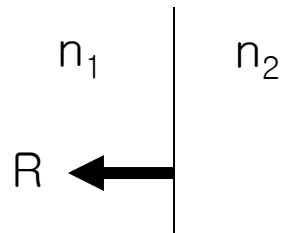
$$n_2 = \sqrt{n_1 n_3}$$



$$R_1 = \sqrt{R_0 R_L}$$

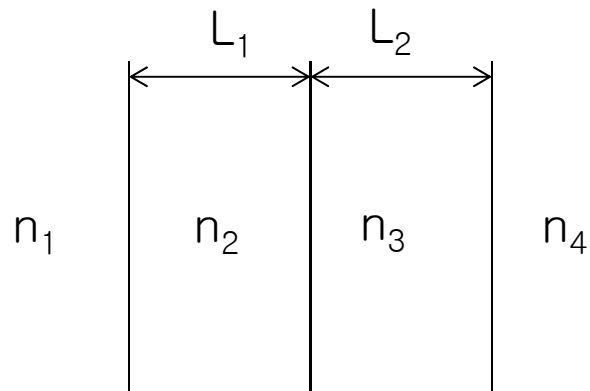
Lect. 7: Multiple Dielectric Interface

High-Reflection Coating

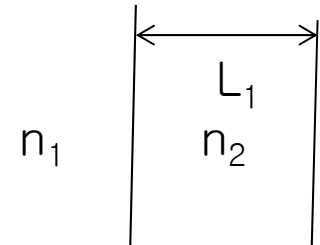


$$R = \left(\frac{n_1 - n_2}{n_1 + n_2} \right)^2 \quad R \rightarrow 1 \text{ if } n_1 \gg n_2 \text{ or } n_1 \ll n_2$$

Use quarter-wavelength layers

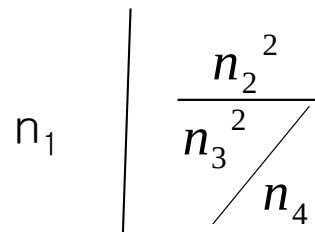


With $L_2 = \frac{\lambda}{4n_3}$



$$n = \frac{n_3^2}{n_4}$$

With $L_1 = \frac{\lambda}{4n_2}$

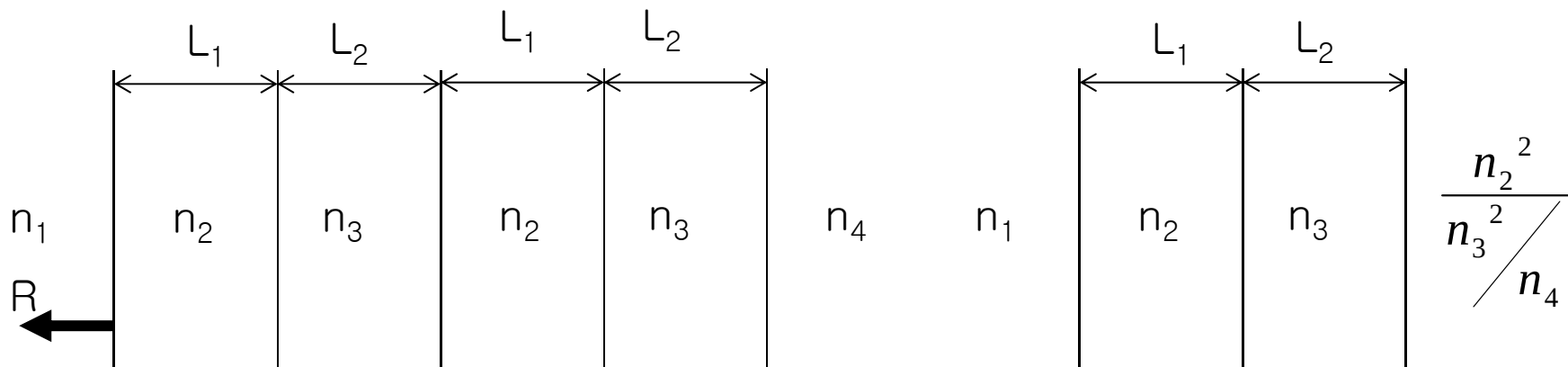


$$R = \left(\frac{n_1 - \left(\frac{n_2}{n_3} \right)^2 n_4}{n_1 + \left(\frac{n_2}{n_3} \right)^2 n_4} \right)^2$$

Lect. 7: Multiple Dielectric Interface

High-Reflection Coating

Repeat the quarter-wavelength pair



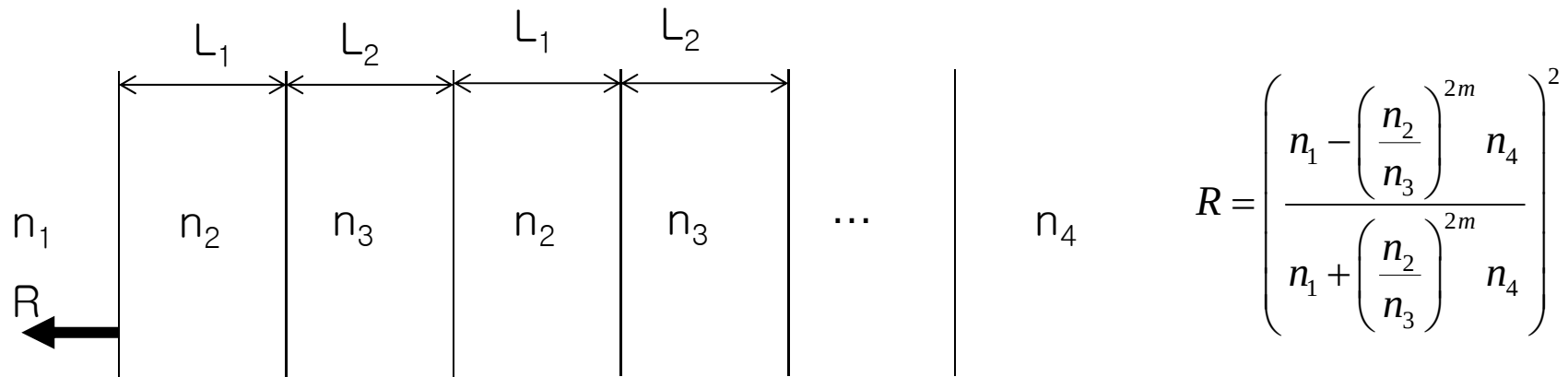
Substitute $\frac{n_2^2}{n_3^2 / n_4}$ for n_4 in $R = \left(\frac{n_1 - \left(\frac{n_2}{n_3} \right)^2 n_4}{n_1 + \left(\frac{n_2}{n_3} \right)^2 n_4} \right)^2$

Then, $R = \left(\frac{n_1 - \left(\frac{n_2}{n_3} \right)^4 n_4}{n_1 + \left(\frac{n_2}{n_3} \right)^4 n_4} \right)^2$

Lect. 7: Multiple Dielectric Interface

High-Reflection Coating

Repeat the quarter-wavelength pair m times.



When m is sufficiently large,

$$\text{For } n_2 > n_3, R \sim \left(\frac{-(n_2/n_3)^{2m} n_4}{+(n_2/n_3)^{2m} n_4} \right)^2 = 1$$

$$\text{For } n_2 < n_3, R \sim \left(\frac{n_1}{n_1} \right)^2 = 1$$

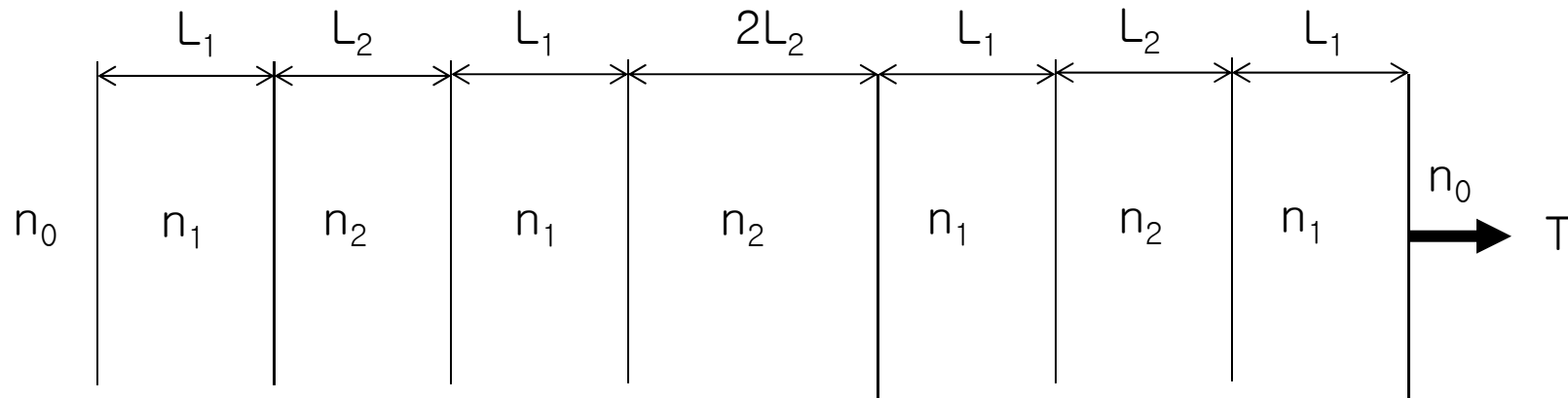
Multiple quarter-wavelength layers
of two different materials

→ Dielectric mirror
with $r = 1$ or -1

Lect. 7: Multiple Dielectric Interface

Homework:

Determine T for the following multiple dielectric layers.



$$n_1 = 1.35, n_2 = 2.3, L_{1,2} = \frac{\lambda}{4n_{1,2}}$$